	MAJOR PERFORMANCE IV				
1	Course Title:	MAJOR PERFORMANCE IV			
2	Course Code:	MUZ2004			
3	Type of Course:	Compulsory			
4	Level of Course:	First Cycle			
5	Year of Study:	2			
6	Semester:	4			
7	ECTS Credits Allocated:	3.00			
8	Theoretical (hour/week):	1.00			
9	Practice (hour/week):	0.00			
10	Laboratory (hour/week):	0			
11	Prerequisites:	-			
12	Language:	Turkish			
13	Mode of Delivery:	Face to face			
14	Course Coordinator:	Dr. Ögr. Üyesi NESRİN ÖZ			
15	Course Lecturers:	Yrd.Doç. Nesrin ÖZ (Keman) Yrd.Doç. Nejdet KALENDER (Keman) Öğr.Gör.Özgür EĞİLMEZ (Keman) Öğr.Gör.Bayazıt AKHUNDOV (Keman) Öğr.Gör.Yusuf HASANOV (Viyola) Yrd.Doç.Dr. Erol DEMİRBATIR (Çello) Öğr.Gör.Elhan NECEF (Çello) Öğr.Gör.Nilüfer YILMAZ (Kontrbas) Öğr.Gör.Ezgi KARA (Flüt) Okt.Murat CEMİL (Gitar) Okt.V.Özgür SAĞLAM (Gitar) Öğr.Gör.Yaşar Kemal ALİM (Bağlama) Öğr.Gör.Çiğdem YİLDIZ (Şan) Öğr.Gör.Çiğdem YİĞİT (Şan)			
16	Contact information of the Course Coordinator:	nesrinoz@uludag.edu.tr Uludağ Üniversitesi Eğitim Fakültesi Müzik Eğitimi Anabilim Dalı Görükle Kampüsü Nilüfer/ BURSA TÜRKİYE			
17	Website:				

18	Objective of the Course:	Violin:Technical exercise and the gradual violin studies, examples o
_		Turkish and world composers played the violin as a unique
		individual with the literature suitable for development of school

music education includes teaching-learning activities.

Viola: Through technical studies and etudes in viola teaching, this course aims to provide students with skills to perform works by Turkish and international composers, learn how to play the viola in accordance with individual development, enable performance in viola literature, and promote activity in music education by use of this instrument.

Cello: The objective of this course is to provide students with skills to play Turkish and world composers' pieces with technical exercises and etudes in violoncello instruction; learn to play the violoncello in accordance with individual development, play with literature unique to the instrument and be able to make activities with this instrument in the field of music education.

Contrabass: Through the technical exercises and studies in teaching the contrabass, the aim is vocalising samples from the works of Turkish and world composers, learning the contrabass in accordance with individual development, being able to vocalise and interpret with literature specific to an instrument and gaining the skill of doing an activity in the area of music education with this instrument.

Flute: The aim of this course is to get the students to perform samples from the works of Turkish and world composers through technical exercise and etudes. To get them to perform-interpret with

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Activites		Number	Duration (hour)	Total Work Load (hour)
Theoretical	Guitar:The	14 purpose of the individu	1,00 Ial instrumental qui	14.00 ar training:
Practicals/Labs		0	0.00	0.00
Self study and preperation	composers	ı accordance with exal and school music edu	nples of Turkish an cation, instrument-	g woga specific
Homeworks		14		28.00
Projects	Baglama:T	0 make students comp	0.00 rehend the some in	0.00 formations
Field Studies		~		0.00
Midterm exams	basic,come	in ed and complex tem 2	1.00	2.00
Others		3		3.00
Final Exams	appropriate	for the techniques in	oice training.	1.00
Total Work Load				90.00
Total work load 30 h Development:				3.00
ECTS Credit of the Course				3.00

	DE E D. LL C. L.
1	Violin:Be able to do permanent performances in the second position
	Viola:Students will be able to comprehend the third position.
	Cello:At the end of this course students will: Identify 5th position for violoncello Be able to play in the 5th position
	Contrabass: Identifying the notes and sounds in 3. position
	Flute:Plays two octave E major, Ab Major and f minor, c#minor scales, arpeggios and technical exercises.
	Guitar:Develop the technique of guitar, learn guitar music to express line.
	Baglama:To be able to play baglama by using correct techniques.
	Voice: Applying the right breathing technique in short and long exercises.
	liong exercises.
2	Violin: Be able to do (transition from) performances between first and second positions
2	Violin: Be able to do (transition from) performances
2	Violin: Be able to do (transition from) performances between first and second positions Viola:Be able to perform 1st and 3th position transitive
2	Violin: Be able to do (transition from) performances between first and second positions Viola:Be able to perform 1st and 3th position transitive studies Cello:Be able to perform 1st, 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 5th
2	Violin: Be able to do (transition from) performances between first and second positions Viola:Be able to perform 1st and 3th position transitive studies Cello:Be able to perform 1st, 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 5th position transitive studies Contrabass:1 octave D major and playing scale and
2	Violin: Be able to do (transition from) performances between first and second positions Viola:Be able to perform 1st and 3th position transitive studies Cello:Be able to perform 1st, 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 5th position transitive studies Contrabass:1 octave D major and playing scale and arpeggio in D minor tones. Flute:By doing the exercises in which double-tonguing and
2	Violin: Be able to do (transition from) performances between first and second positions Viola:Be able to perform 1st and 3th position transitive studies Cello:Be able to perform 1st, 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 5th position transitive studies Contrabass:1 octave D major and playing scale and arpeggio in D minor tones. Flute:By doing the exercises in which double-tonguing and triple tonguing are used, he/she applies. Guitar:VII. places of note to recognize and playback
2	Violin: Be able to do (transition from) performances between first and second positions Viola:Be able to perform 1st and 3th position transitive studies Cello:Be able to perform 1st, 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 5th position transitive studies Contrabass:1 octave D major and playing scale and arpeggio in D minor tones. Flute:By doing the exercises in which double-tonguing and triple tonguing are used, he/she applies. Guitar:VII. places of note to recognize and playback position. Baglama:To comprehend the necessary basic information

3	Violin:Be able to play two octave scales in different bow styles in the first and second positions
	Viola:Be able to developer left and right hand technique, exercises to do to improve coordination.
	Cello:Develop bow techniques such as Detache, legato, staccato and martele
	Contrabass:To understand the technique of martele.
	Flute:Performs a work in the sonata form which is in accord with his/her level.
	Guitar:Playback with vibrato technique. Apply techniques learned in terms of speed and nuances.
	Baglama:To comprehend the necessary technical information about baglama
	Voice:Singing the studied work with the correct articulation.
4	Violin:Be able to play given etudes with legato, staccato, detache and martele bow techniques
	Viola:Students will be able to play Sol Major scale with different bows in 2 octaves in the first and second positions.
	Cello:Be able to do exercises to develop right and left hand techniques and improve coordination
	Contrabass: Identifying the notes and sounds in 4. position
	Flute:Enhances his/her accelerando by doing exercises which are directed towards etudes and speeding up the finger technique.
	Guitar:Multiplication and use apogiatür techniques.
	Baglama:To comprehend the different rhythm forms.
	Voice: Using the learned skills about forming sounds in national and universal tunes.
5	Violin:Be able to understand the staccato and martele technique's characteristics.
	Viola:Students will be able to play Mi Bemolle Major scale with different bows in 2 octaves in the first and third positions.
	Cello:Be able to get flageolet sound with violoncello
	Contrabass:1 octave E flat major,A flat major and playing scale and arpeggio in B flat major tones.
	Flute:Develops himself/herself in playing with the right intonation through practices done with the piano.
	Guitar:Transfers between the finger and three-octave range, playability Positions.
	Baglama:To gain the right sitting and clutching ability for baglama.
	Voice:Developing musical repertoire which is in accord with the level.

6	Violin:Playing of national and universal pieces Suitable for level
	Viola:Be able to play Martel technique.
	Cello:Be able to define B flat major Be able to play B flat major
	Contrabass:2 octave E major and playing scale and arpeggio in M minor tones.
	Flute:Develops his/her stage performance by participating in class concerts.
	Guitar:To practice and playing drum patterns.
	Baglama:To comprehend total and half sounds
	Voice:Singing the studied work with piano accompaniment.
7	Viola:Be able to strengthen bow techniques such as Detache, legato, staccato and martele with the help of scales.
	Cello:Be able to define G minor Be able to play G minor
	Contrabass:In 4. position, playability the etudes and pieces.
	Flute:Attains the skill of pianissimo playing in the third octave notes.
	Guitar:The right hand trills (trill harpsichord) and save the playability
	Baglama:To comprehend different positions.
	Voice:Singing the studied work according to the features of the period and style.
8	Viola:Be able to strengthen bow techniques such as Detache, legato, staccato and martele with the help of etudes.
	Cello:Be able to define A major Be able to play A major
	Contrabass:Applying different movement and dynamics
	Flute:Being able to play vibrato in the high register.
	Guitar:Dual audio playback range.
	Baglama:To comprehend the properties of baglama and other instruments which belongs to baglama family.
	Voice:Singing songs in events and concerts.

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	9	9	Viola:Be able to play Barocco Era pieces for viola.
			Cello:Be able to define F sharp minor Be able to play F sharp minor
			Guitar:IX. places of note to recognize and playback position.
			Baglama:To be able to practice right positions and presses between La-re and la-mi sounds
	•	10	Viola:Be able to play pieces and etudes studied before musically and appropriate to the technique.
			Cello:Be able to play pieces and etudes studied before musically and appropriate to the technique.
			Guitar:Bare and pivot to apply the technique of
21	Course Content:		
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		Co	urse Content:
Week	Theoretical	Co	Practice
Week 1	Theoretical Violin:Performance in the second posi		
		itions	
	Violin:Performance in the second posi Viola:General revision of subjects stud	itions died in	
	Violin:Performance in the second position Viola:General revision of subjects studies the previous semester Cello:General Revision of the subjects	itions died in	
	Violin:Performance in the second positions of subjects study the previous semester Cello:General Revision of the subjects covered in the previous semester	itions died in s	
	Violin:Performance in the second positivities of subjects study the previous semester Cello:General Revision of the subjects covered in the previous semester Contrabass: The 3. position information Flute:E Major and C# minor scales an	itions died in s on	
	Violin:Performance in the second positive previous semester Cello:General Revision of the subjects covered in the previous semester Contrabass: The 3. position information Flute:E Major and C# minor scales an arpeggios. Guitar:Review of studies in the last teryou will be informed about the work of	itions died in s on d rm, and f the	

Violin:Performance in the second positions	
Viola:Third position and Exercises.	
Cello:5th position Playing in the 5th position	
Contrabass:Change in the position	
Flute:Practices on double and triple tonguing.	
Guitar:Wean the work, legato, staccato, and until the bonds Portato	
Baglama:Octave do sound's place on baglama	
Voice:Quintet, sextet arpeggio and sequential staccato-legato exercises.	
Violin:Performance between first and second positions	
Viola:Transitions from the first to third position, and its practice	
Cello:Exercises with transitional position	
Contrabass:1 octave D major scale and arpeggio information in D minor tones.	
Flute:Appropriate level etudes	
Guitar:Finger on the left hand and right hand coordination activities.	
Baglama:Octave re sound's place on baglama	
Voice:Quinary, senary arpeggio and musical octave staccato- legato exercises and model works.	
Violin:Performance between first and second positions	
Viola:Transitions from the first to second position, its practice and Sol Major scale.	
Cello:B flat major tonality Exercises in B flat major	
Contrabass:Information about transitive etude between the 1.and 3. positions	
Flute:Appropriate level piece in sonate form.	
Guitar:The right hand trills (trill Harpsichord).	
Baglama:Four-sixteen being rhythm form and using plectrum.	
Voice:Octave, made up of 9, made up of 12 arpeggio and sequential staccato -legato exercises and model works of art.	
	Viola:Third position and Exercises. Cello:5th position Playing in the 5th position Contrabass:Change in the position Flute:Practices on double and triple tonguing. Guitar:Wean the work, legato, staccato, and until the bonds Portato Baglama:Octave do sound's place on baglama Voice:Quintet, sextet arpeggio and sequential staccato-legato exercises. Violin:Performance between first and second positions Viola:Transitions from the first to third position, and its practice Cello:Exercises with transitional position Contrabass:1 octave D major scale and arpeggio information in D minor tones. Flute:Appropriate level etudes Guitar:Finger on the left hand and right hand coordination activities. Baglama:Octave re sound's place on baglama Voice:Quinary, senary arpeggio and musical octave staccato- legato exercises and model works. Violin:Performance between first and second positions Viola:Transitions from the first to second position, its practice and Sol Major scale. Cello:B flat major tonality Exercises in B flat major Contrabass:Information about transitive etude between the 1.and 3. positions Flute:Appropriate level piece in sonate form. Guitar:The right hand trills (trill Harpsichord). Baglama:Four-sixteen being rhythm form and using plectrum. Voice:Octave, made up of 9, made up of 12 arpeggio and sequential staccato -legato

k	Violin:Performance between first and second positions	
	Viola:Transitions from the first to second position, its practice and Sol Major scale with different bows techniques.	
	Cello:Detache Technique II Detache exercises	
i	Contrabass:Martele bow technique information; The 3. position information	
	Flute:Repetition of the scale and etude studies.	
	Guitar:Several studies on the technique and the strut, drum.	
E	Baglama:To teach Do note	
	Voice:Staccato and legato exercises that assist register transitions and model works of art.	
6	Violin:B flat array and arpeggio performances	
F	Viola:Transitions from the first to second position and Mi bemol Major scale with legato techniques.	
	Cello:Legato Technique II Legato Exercises	
	Contrabass:Changing conditions among positions from the 1. to the 4.	
F	Flute:Practicing the piece.	
	Guitar:Vibrato technique.VII. work position.	
	Baglama:Connected one-eight being and two-sixteen being rhythm form.	
١	Voice:The form analysis of the works of art.	
7	General Evaluation	

8	Violin:B flat major, C major scales and arpeggio performance proper etudes	
	Viola: sol minor scale and transitions from the first to second position with mi bemol major scale.	
	Cello:G minor tonality G minor exercises	
	Contrabass:1 octave E flat major,A flat major scale and arpeggio information in B flat major tones.	
	Flute:Ab Major and F minor scales and arpeggios.	
	Guitar:Overall Assessment	
	Baglama:Connected two-sixteen being one- eight being rhythm form	
	Voice:Articulation in voice training.	
9	Violin:Playing proper level of national and universal pieces	
	Viola:Transitions from the first to second position, its practice and Mi bemol Major scale with different bows techniques.	
	Cello:Martele Technique II, Staccato Technique II	
	Contrabass:Information about transitive etude between the 1.and 4. positions	
	Flute:Playing an appropriate level piece.	
	Guitar:Dual audio range studies.	
	Baglama:Comprehending Re note and first position.	
	Voice:Sound production with the right intonation, the strengthening of the sound in the resonance areas.	
10	Violin:Martele technique arrays and etudces	
	Viola:Martale technique.	
	Cello:A Major tonality A major Exercises	
	Contrabass:Gaining knowledge of the composer of the work and its period. Selection of the work.	
	Flute:Playing an appropriate level etude.	
	Guitar:IX. positions.	
	Baglama:Connected four-sixteen rhythm form.	
	Voice:Period and style features in vocalized works of art.	

11	Violin:Martele technique arrays and etudes	
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	Viola:Scales and Etudes with Detache, Legato, Martele, Staccato techniques.	
	Cello:F sharp minor tonality F sharp exercises	
	Contrabass:Piece of his work	
	Flute:Sonority and vibrato exercises.	
	Guitar:Multiplication, and glisando apogiatür techniques.	
	Baglama:Quarter note	
	Voice:Period and style features in vocalized works of art.	
12	Violin:Legato, detache, staccato and Martele technique arrays and etudes	
	Viola:Barocco Era viola pieces.	
	Cello:Flageolet technique and flageolet technique exercises	
	Contrabass:Vocalising the studied etude and work in a musical way in accord with the technique. Flute:Fingerings for high register	
	Guitar:Transitions between different positions.	
	Baglama:2/4 measure number	
	Voice:Technical and musical analysis in works of art.	
13	General Evaluation	
14	Violin:Final programme and study pieces accompanied by (partnered pieces)	
	Viola:Technical and musical problems and solutions	
	Cello:Mixed bow technique exercises. Technical and musical problems and solutions	
	Contrabass:Preparation for the end of mid- year exam.	
	Flute:Preparation for the final exam	
	Guitar:Overall Assessment. Musical and solution of technical problems and the general again.	
	Baglama:Mi note and third position. Connected sixteen-eight being rhythm form	
	Voice:Correpetition.	
22	Textbooks, References and/or Other Materials:	Violin:-Günay Edip/Uçan Ali, Çevreden Evrene Keman Eğitimi 1 Dağarcık Yayınları 1980 - Uçan Ali , Keman Eğitimi Özgün Parçalar, Yurtrenkleri

materials:

Yayınevi, Ankara, 1992

- Can Ömer, Keman Eğitimi II, Agraf, Ankara, 2000.
- Crickboom Mathieu, Violinschule il Violino III, IV, Brüxelles-Schott, Freses 1929.
- -Auer Leopold, Graded Course of Violin Playing Book 3-4 R. Kreutzer, Etudes ou Caprices, C.F. Peters.

Viola:MAZAS H.E.KAYSER Op.55 CHANDOSKIN Do Majör Konçerto

Cello:J.Werner Praktische Violoncell Schule, S.Lee Etudes, J.Dotzauer Band I.

Contrabass:

Flute:KÖHLER, Ernesto. Etudes op.33
MOYSE, Marcel. Enseigment Complet de la Flute.
MOYSE, Marcel. De La Sonorite: Art et Technique.
WYE, Trevor. Practise Book For Flute
ANDERSEN, Joachim. Studies op.33, op.15.
SCHUMANN, Robert. Three Romanzen.
MOZART, Wolfgang Amadeus, Andante.
RAMPAL, Jean Pierre. Flute Favourites, (transcribed by Akio Yashiro)
GALWAY, James.Showpieces.

Guitar:1- AGUADO.Metodo de Guitarra
2-AYDINTAN,Ziya.Gitar Metodu I
Evrensel Müzikevi, 1999
3-AYDINTAN,Ziya Gitar Eşlikli Okul Şarkıları Evrensel
Müzikevi,
4-GÖTZE,WalterLeıchtes Gıtarrenspıel
5- KÜÇÜKAY,Bekir. Gitar Eğitimi I,
KESİKLİ,Melih
SÖKMEN,Erdem İ.Ü.Konservatuarı
6-NOAD,Frederic.SoloGuitar Playingl I Omnibus Press
1976,

7- La Guitara Enchantee , Doberman Yppan 1982

- 8- MİLLS, John . Gitar Metodu , Alkım Yayınevi
- 9- The guitar Music of Spain Volume
- 10- CARULLI, Ferdinando. Metoto Guitar

Baglama:TRT Repertuari

Voice:Davran, K., Öztürk,F.G. (2009).Şan İçin Piyano Eşlikli Şarkılar I(1.b), Müzik Eğitimi Yayınları, Ankara.

Egüz, S. (b.y.y) Piyano Eşlikli Halk Türküleri, Gazi Eğitim Enstitüsü Müzik Bölümü Yayınları No.1, Ankara.

Egüz, S. (b.y.y) Piyano Eşlikli Okul Şarkıları, Gazi Eğitim Enstitüsü Müzik Bölümü Yayınları No.1, Ankara.

Larsen, L.R.(ed.). (1991). Arias for Baritones, G. Schirmer: New York.

Larsen, L.R.(ed.). (1991). Arias for Bass, G. Schirmer: New York.

Larsen, L.R.(ed.). (1991). Arias for Mezzo- Soprano, G. Schirmer: New York.

Larsen, L.R.(ed.). (1991). Arias for Soprano, G. Schirmer: New York.

			Larsen, L.R.(ed.). (1991). Arias for Tenor, G. Schirmer: New York. Şimşek, G. (1997). Şan İçin Piyano Eşlikli Albüm, Ankara. Tuğcular, E. (2011). Şan İçin Piyano Eşlikli Türküler, Müzik Eğitimi Yayınları, Ankara.
23	Assesment		
TERM L	EARNING ACTIVITIES	NUMBE R	WEIGHT
Midtern	n Exam	2	50.00
Quiz		0	0.00
Home \	work-project	0	0.00
Final E	xam	1	50.00
Total	Total 3		100.00
Contribution of Term (Year) Learning Activities to Success Grade		ies to	50.00
Contribution of Final Exam to Success Grade			50.00
Total			100.00
Measurement and Evaluation Techniques Used in the Course		Ised in the	
24	ECTS / WORK LOAD TABLE		

CONTRIBUTION OF LEARNING OUTCOMES TO PROGRAMME **QUALIFICATIONS** PQ1 PQ2 PQ3 PQ4 PQ5 PQ6 PQ7 PQ8 PQ9 PQ1 PQ11 PQ12 PQ1 PQ14 PQ15 PQ16 ÖK1 lo ÖK2 ÖK3 ÖK4 lo ÖK5 ÖK6 ÖK7 ÖK8 lo. ÖK9 ÖK10 LO: Learning Objectives PQ: Program Qualifications 5 Very High Contrib 1 very low 3 Medium 4 High 2 low ution

Level: