

EUCLIDIAN GEOMETRY

| | | |
|-----------|---|---|
| 1 | Course Title: | EUCLIDIAN GEOMETRY |
| 2 | Course Code: | İMÖ1008 |
| 3 | Type of Course: | Compulsory |
| 4 | Level of Course: | First Cycle |
| 5 | Year of Study: | 1 |
| 6 | Semester: | 2 |
| 7 | ECTS Credits Allocated: | 5.00 |
| 8 | Theoretical (hour/week): | 3.00 |
| 9 | Practice (hour/week): | 0.00 |
| 10 | Laboratory (hour/week): | 0 |
| 11 | Prerequisites: | None |
| 12 | Language: | Turkish |
| 13 | Mode of Delivery: | Face to face |
| 14 | Course Coordinator: | Prof. Dr. MENEKŞE SEDEN TAPAN BROUTIN |
| 15 | Course Lecturers: | Prof.Dr. Menekşe Seden TAPAN BROUTIN |
| 16 | Contact information of the Course Coordinator: | Prof.Dr. Menekşe Seden TAPAN BROUTIN tapan@uludag.edu.tr 0 224 2955021 Uludağ Üniversitesi Eğitim Fakültesi, A Blok, Matematik ve Fen Bilimleri Eğitimi Bölümü, 16059 Nilüfer, Bursa |
| 17 | Website: | |
| 18 | Objective of the Course: | To examine Euclidean geometry with its entire axiomatic structure and to understand the properties of plane shapes in detail. |
| 19 | Contribution of the Course to Professional Development: | To examine Euclidean geometry with its entire axiomatic structure and to understand the properties of plane shapes in detail. |
| 20 | Learning Outcomes: | |
| | 1 | Explains the historical development of Euclidean and non-Euclidean geometries |
| | 2 | Describes the axiomatic structure of geometry |
| | 3 | Explains concepts of defined and undefined terms, axiom and theorem |
| | 4 | Read the geometry book written by Ataturk and understand its content and its importance |
| | 5 | Formulates basic axioms of Euclidean geometry and use them in proofs |
| | 6 | Comments geometric concepts with a deductive point of view |
| | 7 | Formulates sufficient and complete definitions for the concepts of triangle, rectangle and polygon and make modulation between these definitions and geometric properties |
| | 8 | Realises basic geometric drawings with ruler and compass and make detailed explanations for these drawings |
| | 9 | Defines the concepts of the circle and disk, prove theorems about the angle and length |
| | 10 | Formulates properties of objects in space, areas and volumes of solids |
| 21 | Course Content: | |
| | | Course Content: |

| Week | Theoretical | Practice |
|------|---|--|
| 1 | Euclidean and non-Euclidean geometries' historical development. Axiomatic structure of geometry, concepts of defined and undefined terms, axioms and theorems | |
| 2 | Review of the geometry book written by Atatürk. Combination axioms and relation and theorems and proofs related to the subject. | |
| 3 | Order axioms and relation and theorems and proofs related to the subject. Cantor's continuity axiom. | |
| 4 | Congruence axioms and relations for segments. Construction of segments, equilateral triangles using only compass and unitless ruler | |
| 5 | Concept of angle. Congruence axioms and relations for angles; theorems and proofs related to the subject. Construction of angles using only compass and unitless ruler. | |
| 6 | Concept of triangle. Congruence axioms and relations for triangles; theorems and proofs related to the subject. Construction of triangles using only compass and unitless ruler. | |
| 7 | Matching and equality in triangles. SAS definition, ASA, SSS, SAA, SSAA* theorems and their proofs | |
| 8 | Triangle drawings from given edges, angles or auxiliary elements with the only help of ruler and compass. Triangle inequality. SAS inequality and inclined line theorems and their proofs. | |
| 9 | Circle-line relations in the plane. Positions of two circles to each other and their drawings with the only help of compass and ruler. | |
| 10 | Parallels axioms and relation and theorems and proofs related to the subject. | |
| 11 | Drawings of parallel lines on a plane | |
| 12 | Euclid's parallelism axiom. discussions related with this axiom. Hilbert's parallelism axiom. Playfair axiom, isoparallelism axiom and transition to non-euclidean geometries. | |
| 13 | The concept of complete and sufficient definition. Examining complete and sufficient definitions of the concepts of triangle, quadrilateral, polygon and making transitions between these definitions and geometric properties. | |
| 14 | The concept of complete and sufficient definition. Examining complete and sufficient definitions of the concepts of triangle, quadrilateral, polygon and making transitions between these definitions and geometric properties. | |
| 22 | Textbooks, References and/or Other Materials: | 1. ATATÜRK M.K. (1937) Geometri, Türk Dil Kurumu Yayınları, Ankara 2. STAKKESTAD J.M., WYANT L. (1986) Introduction to Geometry, Academic Press, Orlando. 3. Tapan-BROUTIN, M.S. (2010) Bilgisayar Etkileşimli Geometri Öğretimi, Ezgi Kitabevi Yayınları 4. Lecturer notes |
| 23 | Assesment | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---|--------------|---|---|-----------------|---|---|---------------|---|---|--------------------|---|---|---|---|
| ÖK9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ÖK10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| LO: Learning Objectives PQ: Program Qualifications | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contribution Level: | 1 very low | | 2 low | | | 3 Medium | | | 4 High | | | 5 Very High | | | | |