	MAJOR IN	ISTRUMENT TRAINING I
1	Course Title:	MAJOR INSTRUMENT TRAINING I
2	Course Code:	MUZ1207
3	Type of Course:	Compulsory
4	Level of Course:	First Cycle
5	Year of Study:	1
6	Semester:	1
7	ECTS Credits Allocated:	1.00
8	Theoretical (hour/week):	1.00
9	Practice (hour/week):	0.00
10	Laboratory (hour/week):	0
11	Prerequisites:	
12	Language:	Turkish
13	Mode of Delivery:	Face to face
14	Course Coordinator:	Öğr. Gör. ALPAY GÜLDOĞAN
15	Course Lecturers:	Dr. Öğr. Üy. Nesrin BİBER ÖZ (kaman) Öğr. Gör. Özgür EĞİLMEZ(keman) Öğrt. Gör. Yusuf HASANOV (viola) Doç. Dr. R.E rol DEMİRBATIR (çello) Öğrt. Gör. Elhan NECEF(çello) Öğr. Gör. Nilüfer ÖZER (konrtbas) Öğrt. Gör. Murat CEMİL(gitar) Öğr. Göör. V.Özgür SAĞLAM (gitar) Doç. Sezin ALICI (flüt) Doç. Dr. Ajda ŞENOL SAKİN (flüt) Öğr.Gör. Dr. Ezgi KARA (flüt) Doç Dr. Gülnihal GÜL (şan) Öğr. Gör. Z GÖKNUR KARA
16	Contact information of the Course Coordinator:	Öğr.Gör. Alpay GÜLDOĞAN Uludağ Üniversitesi Eğitim Fakültesi Güzel Sanatlar Eğitimi Bölümü Müzik Eğitimi AD – Görükle Kampüs/Nilüfer - BURSA aguldogan@uludag.edu.tr 0224 294 0943
17	Website:	
18	Objective of the Course:	Violin: Technical exercise and the gradual violin studies, examples of Turkish and world composers played the violin as a unique individual with the literature suitable for development of school music education includes teaching-learning activities. Viola: Through technical studies and etudes in viola teaching, this course aims to provide students with skills to perform works by Turkish and international composers, learn how to play the viola in accordance with individual development, enable performance in viola literature, and promote activity in music education by use of this instrument. Cello:Cello and its elements, basic knowledge and skills related to cello playing. Taking proper stance for violoncello playing, keeping the violoncello right, deteche and legato playing

		studies on hand finger and lifting, vocalizing s works. Kontrbas:G etudes; Sa Composer' literature as developme activities for instrument. Gitar:The p guitar traini exercises a individual s Turkish and music educ activities in Flute:The a elements o knowledge teach propu- play the flu techniques interval, sc	ourpose of the individua ing; progressive techni and studies, developme amples in accordance d world composers and cation, learning and tea	ting the left sounds lifting ordination, d universal l exercises and Vorld pecific for individual g-learning on with the al instrumental cal ent of with the d school aching get to know the asic g the flute; to position to m basic flute onority, able to	
Activite	es		Number	Duration (hour)	Total Work Load (hour)
Theore	ical	elements o and skills re	Figure clarinet, the basic elated to playing the cla	knowledge 100 arinet, to	14.00
Practica	als/Labs		0	0.00	0.00
Self stu	dy and preperation	for playing	the clarinet. To be able	toperform	14.00
Homew	orks		0	0.00	0.00
Project	3	composers	Suitable for their level.	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	0.00
Field St	udies		0	0.00	0.00
Midtern	n exams	instrument.	2	1.00	2.00
Others			0	0.00	0.00
Final E	ams	different wo	ilks of art which are ap	βrθpriate for	1.00
Total W	ork Load				31.00
Total w	ork load/ 30 hr	features via	telling historical impro	vement of	1.03
ECTS C	Credit of the Course				1.00
	Contribution of the Course to Professional Development: Learning Outcomes:		g.		

1	Violin:General information for strings, be
	able to protect and provident care of violin and bow ,Viola:Students will be able to identify parts of the viola
	and the bow. Cello:At the end of this course students will: be able to identify the parts of violoncello and bow Kontrbas:Holding in accord with the contrabass
	technique. Gitar:To understand the technique of guitar
	playing. Flute:To know the structure and parts of the flute, to know the procedures for the maintenance and protection of the flute Clarinet:At the end of the course, the student; Recognizes, wears, removes clarinet. Voice:Comprehending the posture for singing. Bağlama:To be able to play Bağlama technically
2	Violin:Be able to understand the correct posture and hold for playing violin ,Viola:Students will be able to explain and demonstrate use and proper care of the viola and the bow. Cello:At the end of this course students will: be able to identify the parts of violoncello and bow Kontrbas:Using the bow in accord with its technique. Gitar:To know the properties of the guitar sound .Flute:Accelerate reading skills on G cleff. Clarinet:Produces the right sound in clarinet. Voice:Identifying the organs which produce sound. Bağlama:Comprehend basic information about Bağlama
3	Violin:Be able to hold the bow correctly Viola:Students will be able to comprehend Do clef and viola writing. Cello:Be able to comprehend F clef and violoncello writing Kontrbas:Positioning the left hand appropriately. Gitar:With the wires on the right hand arpeggio studies (p, i, m, a) to establish dominance fingers .Flute:Knowing the correct holding position and posture while playing the flute. Clarinet:Understands the relationship between clarinet and breathing. Voice:Applying the right breathing technique in short and long exercises. Bağlama:Comprehend essential technical information about Bağlama

4	Violin:Be able to get clear and accurate sound on the free strings (A or D) Viola:Students will be able to tune the viola and display correct playing position. in the middle of the bow, Cello:Be able to define chord and finger patterns for violoncello Kontrbas:Identifying the notes and sounds in notes degree I in first position. Gitar:The left hand fingers to control To provide basic positions on the coordination. Flute:Ability to ensure the coordination between the tongue and the fingers. Clarinet:Blows the sounds of the Chalumeau zone. Voice:Using the right breathing technique and voice technique. Bağlama:To be able to comprehend different rhythm patterns
5	Violin:Be able to get clear and accurate sound on the free strings (A or D) Viola:Students will be able to hold the viola and the bow with correct fingerings. by detache bow technique, Cello:Be able to hold the violoncello and bow in the right way Kontrbas:Playing with the aim towards the notes and sounds in scale degree I in first position. Gitar:To know the music of the guitar. To play Guitar music, writing, according to the bass and melody lines .Flute:To be able to play G Major F major, e minor and d minor scales, arpeggios and similar works. within two octave range, Clarinet:Plays easy sequences in the Chalumeau zone. Voice:Singing the studied work with the correct articulation. Bağlama:To have skill of right hold and sitting
6	Violin:Be able to get positioning the left hand and fingers on the violin Viola:Students will be able to hold the bow correctly. properly in the first position, Cello:Be able to use the bow in the right way Kontrbas:Developing the right hand tone in the detache and legato bowing techniques. Gitar:To be able to have a systematic and regular working habit in the instrument learning process Listening to guitar music works to earn the request. Flute:To be able to breathe correctly Clarinet:Can breathe correctly. Voice:Singing the studied work with piano accompaniment Bağlama:Comprehend voices half and total

		8	Violin:Be able to play notes and sounds on all strings in the first position, Viola:Students will be able to perform Cello:Be able to use the bow in the right way Kontrbas:1 octave in 1 oktav B flat major, E minör, A minör, F majör, G majör, D majör, G minor, B minor and playing gam and arpeggio. Gitar:Techniques learned in the level of playability to the extent of works and studies. Play works sung from memory. Flute:To be able to perform studies and pieces suitable for the level. Clarinet:Knows how to play Staccato, legato, detached. Voice:Singing the studied work according to the features of the period and style. Bağlama:Comprehend different positions Violin:Be able to play all the strings in the first position with various count
			Viola:Students will be able to play scales Do Major (two octaves) and La Minor (one octave), and Arpeggio. notes, Cello:Be able to play C major (2 octaves) and A minor (1 octave) scales and arpeggio Kontrbas:Identifying the notes and sounds in notes degree II in first position. Gitar:To Understand, guitar chord formations and plays chords. This variety of chords on the guitar playability chord cycles Flute:Gaining the habit of practising flute regularly. Clarinet:Knows the history of clarinet and its development. Bağlama:Comprehend features of Bağlama and Bağlama's roots instruments
		9	Violin:Be able to play scale study and practice work in the first position by Viola:Students will be able to learn basic bow techniques, and perform on them. using all strings with detache and legato techniques, Cello:Be able to recognize and implement basic bow techniques Gitar:To understand the origin and historical development of the guitar in general. Flute:Having information about the historical and stylistic features of flute. Clarinet:Can perform studies and works suitable for her/ his own level.Bağlama:To be able to perform the right emphasis and positions between La-re and la-mi voices
		10	Viola:Performing studies and works suitable for their level in a musical way Cello:Be able to play appropriate level pieces and etudes in a musical way .Flute:To be able to make activities in the field of music education by playing the flute Clarinet:Can perform activities in the field of music education with clarinet instrument.
21	Course Content:		
		C	ourse Content:
Week	Theoretical		Practice

Violin:General information about violin lessons,physical structure of violin and bow, The protection and care of violin and bow, correct posture and holding when playing the violin Viola:Viola Education and Its Purpose, Viola and Its History, Explaining and applying basic bow techniques. The importance of viola in string instruments.	
The protection and care of violin and bow, correct posture and holding when playing the violin Viola:Viola Education and Its Purpose, Viola and Its History, Explaining and applying basic bow techniques. The importance of viola in	
The protection and care of violin and bow, correct posture and holding when playing the violin Viola:Viola Education and Its Purpose, Viola and Its History, Explaining and applying basic bow techniques. The importance of viola in	
correct posture and holding when playing the violin Viola:Viola Education and Its Purpose, Viola and Its History, Explaining and applying basic bow techniques. The importance of viola in	
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Viola:Viola Education and Its Purpose, Viola and Its History, Explaining and applying basic bow techniques. The importance of viola in	
Purpose, Viola and Its History, Explaining and applying basic bow techniques. The importance of viola in	
History, Explaining and applying basic bow techniques. The importance of viola in	
applying basic bow techniques. The importance of viola in	
techniques. The importance of viola in	
techniques. The importance of viola in	
importance of viola in	
Cello:Violoncello Instruction and Its Aim	
Violoncello and Its History	
Kontrbas:Contrabass training and its aim,	
contrabass	
and its history. Contrabass and the parts of	
the bow, its care and protection, bas clef and	
contrabass writing, the use of the contrabass	
and the bow.	
Gitar:Instrument with the aim of the course	
content	
and basic knowledge of the target behaviors.	
Flute:Maintenance of the flute, cleaning; Main	
holding and standing position, Historical	
development of the flute Clarinet:Producing	
sound in clarinet.	
To recognize clarinet as an instrument with its	
historical, functional and educational aspects	
.Voice:The right posture for singing and the	
aim of	
voice training.	
Bağlama:Bağlama's roots and definition of	
Bağlama	
2 Violin:Studying by holding the bow in the right	
position to get correct and clear sound on the	
D or A strings	
Viola:Parts of the Viola and	
the Bow, Use and	
Proper Care of the	
Instruments.	
C Clef and Viola	
Writing, Rules of Right	
Sitting and Holding with	
Viola, Viola and Bow	
Holding, bow pull	
applications.	
Cello:Parts of Violoncello and Bow, How to	
use.	
Care and Keep the instrument	
F Clef and Violoncello Writing	
Kontrbas:Right position and holding rules of	
the	
contrabass, getting the bow hold to be	
comprehended.	
Gitar:Work of the right hand tirando (Free	
Stroke)	
Flute:Sonority practices, scale exercises	
within one	
octave. Choosing the repertoire to be	
practiced	
during the semester.	
Clarinet:Identifying, installing and removing	
parts of	
the clarinet. Hold the clarinet, posture.	
the clarinet. Hold the clarinet, posture.	
the clarinet. Hold the clarinet, posture. Clarinet Care: cleaning the clarinet.	
the clarinet. Hold the clarinet, posture.	

3	Violin:Studying to produce clear and accurate sound	
	on the free strings (A or D) by detache bow	
	technique, Viele: Deginging of the first	
	Viola:Beginning of the first	
	and second finger	
	exercises, practicing	
	the related exercises,	
	explaining the first	
	position, applying the	
	right and left arm grip exercises.	
	Cello:Rules for holding the violoncello and	
	sitting	
	correctly with it	
	Holding the violoncello and the bow	
	Kontrbas:Chord information about the	
	contrabass and	
	finger Right hand technique, free strokes and	
	related exercises	
	Gitar:Right hand technique, free strokes and	
	related exercises.	
	Flute:Breathing exercises, tone exercises, M.	
	Moyse	
	La Sonorite	
	Clarinet:Identifying, installing and removing	
	parts of	
	the clarinet. Hold the clarinet, posture.	
	Producing sound in clarinet.	
	Voice:Aperture-assisted breathing technique.	
	Bağlama:Bound eighth note rhythm pattern,	
	la note	
	and knock of plectrum	
4	Violin:Studying with no count and various count	
	notes on the A-D strings whilst producing	
	clear	
	and correct sounds by holding bow correctly,	
	Viola:Strengthening the use	
	of first and second	
	fingers.	
	Cello:How to use the bow	
	Chord for violoncello and finger patterns	
	Kontrbas:First position scale 1 information.	
	Gitar:Arpeggio Technique	
	Flute:Single tonguing scale exercises,	
	articulation	
	exercises through the selected studies and	
	pieces	
	Clarinet:Reed selection, reed insertion into	
	the	
	mouthpiece, bracelet position and lip position.	
	Voice:Breathing – sound connection.	
	Bağlama:To get students to comprehend Si	
	flat 2 note	

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5	Studying with no count and various count	
	notes on the A-D strings whilst producing	
	clear	
	and correct sounds by holding bow correctly	
	,Viola:To work on Sol-Re and	
	La strings, to show the	
	use of the third finger,	
	to practice.	
	Cello:First Position	
	Kontrbas:First position scale 1 applications.	
	Gitar:Left hand technique, finger numbers	
	and the	
	concept of position	
	Flute:Sight reading and performing a baroque	
	piece,	
	stylistic features of baroque period.	
	Clarinet: To be able to produce correct sound	
	with the	
	right breathing technique in clarinet.	
	Voice:Staccato - legato breathing and	
	practices,	
	model works.	
	Bağlama:To get students to comprehend Do	
	note	
6	Violin:Practice works for producing right and	
	clear	
	sounds on the A or D strings in the first	
	position by finger pressing and maintaining	
	the	
	left hand	
	Viola:Study and Practice on	
	Do Major Ťonality	
	Cello:C Major Tonality	
	Kontrbas:Scale and arpeggio information in 1	
	octave B	
	flat major, E minör tones Gitar:Right hand nail	
	shapes and filing	
	Flute:Studying basic flute techniques through	
	scales	
	and studies. Performing the piece in	
	accordance with the characteristics of the	
	Baroque period.	
	Clarinet:Recognizing the Chalumea sounds,	
	one	
	octave easy sequences. Selection of works	
	suitable for the level.	
	Voice:Staccato - legato breathing and	
	practices,	
	model works.	
	Bağlama:Connected 1/8,2-16 rhythm pattern	

		
7	Violin:Practice works for producing right and clear	
	sound on the A or D strings with various	
	count	
	notes in the first position,	
	Viola:Basic String	
	Techniques and	
	Exercises	
	Cello:Basic Bow Techniques and Bow	
	Exercises	
	Kontrbas:Scale and arpeggio information in 1 octave A	
	minör, F majör tones	
	Gitar:Chord formation with double voice studies.	
	Flute:scale exercises within two octave range,	
	practising the flute techniques in the selected	
	etudes, practicing the selected pieces.	
	Clarinet:Associating respiratory functions and	
	clarinet.	
	Tongue hitting, legato playing.	
	Voice:Articulation in voice training.	
	Bağlama:Connected 2-16,1/8 rhythm pattern	
8	Violin:Practice works for one octave D major	
0	scale	
	study on the A or D strings by detache and	
	legato techniques	
	,Viola:Working on four strings,	
	showing the	
	hexadecimal time	
	value, its application,	
	fourth finger studies	
	Cello:.General Evaluation	
	Kontrbas:Main bowing techniques – détaché	
	and	
	legato	
	Gitar:Performing series, etudes and musical	
	pieces	
	containing basic techniques Flute:Scale	
	exercises with various articulations;	
	practicing the techniques which re involved in	
	the selected etudes. Learning features of the	
	classical period flute music.	
	Clarinet: Transition Chalumeau to Klarion	
	zone.	
	Transition from la to si.	
	Voice:Articulation in voice training.	
	Bağlama:Dottet half note and quarter note	

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9	Violin:Playing all notes on the G string in the first	
	position, one octave G major scale study by	
	using A and G strings,	
	Viola:Study and Practice on	
	La Minor Tonality	
	Cello:A Minor Tonality	
	Kontrbas:First position scale degree II information.	
	Gitar: The different string numbers used on	
	the	
	guitar are unison sounds and tuning.	
	Flute:Scale exercises; Practicing the selected	
	etude	
	which involves different playing techniques	
	such as legato and staccato. Practicing the selected piece from the classical period.	
	Clarinet:Transition Chalumeau to Klarion	
	zone.	
	Transition from la to si	
	Voice: The production of sound with the right	
	intonation, the strengthening of the sound in the resonance areas.	
	Bağlama:To get students to comprehend Re	
	note and	
	I. position	
10	Violin:Playing all notes on the E string in the	
	first	
	position, one octave A major scale study by	
	using A and E strings ,Viola:Fingerings for the Left	
	Hand and Exercises	
	Cello:Left Hand Finger Patterns and	
	Exercises	
	Kontrbas:Scale and arpeggio information in 1	
	octave G	
	majör, D majör tones. Explaining double bass working methods.	
	examination of studied etude	
	Gitar:Right hand rest stroke technique.	
	Music quality and basic nuance concepts	
	Flute:Practising scales with various	
	articulations, practicing the selected etude involving	
	various	
	rhythmic patterns and flute techniques.	
	Performing the selected work belonging to the	
	classical period with attention to the stylictic	
	features. Clarinet:Scale exercises in Sol, Fa and Do	
	Major	
	tones in Chalumeau and Klarion zone	
	.Voice:Period and style features in vocalized	
	works	
	of art.	
	Bağlama:Bound four-sixteenth note rhythm pattern	
	patton	

11	Violin:Practice works for playing on all strings with	
	various counting patterns and bow	
	techniques, Viola:Reinforcement of four	
	wire works, study of	
	related works, detache	
	and legato bow	
	technique.	
	Cello:Playing and Interpretation Kontrbas:Scale and arpeggio information in 1	
	octave G	
	minor, B minor tones. Small scale work.	
	Gitar:Examination of the compulsory studies of the	
	period. Analysis of the work in terms of	
	technique	
	and expression	
	Flute:Articulation and finger exercises. Trevor Wye-	
	Articulation (Vol.3)	
	Clarinet:Working on easy etutes and	
	exercises in Sol,	
	Fa, Do Major tunes. Voice:Period and style features in vocalized	
	works	
	of art.	
	Bağlama:Stanza note	
12	Violin:Practice works including all four strings	
	,Viola:Sequence studies, finger acceleration	
	studies, development of	
	staccato spring	
	technique	
	Cello:General Evaluation Kontrbas:Strengthening the etudes and works	
	studied.	
	Gitar:Memory studies, silencing of empty	
	strings, and Positions.	
	Flute:Practicing G Major, e minor, F Major	
	and d	
	minor scales (with various articulations,	
	scales, arpeggios, chromatical scales, triads etc.)	
	within the compass of the instrument.	
	Clarinet:Working on easy etutes and	
	exercises in Sol,	
	Fa, Do Major tunes. Voice:Technical and musical analysis in	
	works of	
	art.	
	Bağlama:2/4 number of measure	

13	Violin:Practice works for playing scale study and	
	etud on all strings by detache and legato bow techniques,	
	Viola:Analysis of Viola Performance Methods,	
	Etudes and Works	
	Cello:Violoncello Playing Method Examining and Analyzing the Etudes and	
	Pieces That Have Been Studied	
	Kontrbas:Vocalising in a musical way, the studied	
	etudes and work in accord with the	
	techniques. Gitar:Performing series, etudes and musical	
	pieces containing basic techniques	
	Flute:Practicing the etude and the selected	
	piece to be performed in the exam in accordance with	
	the stylistic and periodic features. Clarinet:Scale, arpeggio and interval studies	
	with	
	staccato, legato, detached technicques. Voice:Technical and musical analysis in	
	works of art.	
	Bağlama:Mi note and III. position	
14	Violin:Scale study and practice work, Viola:Etudes and Exercises	
	Cello:Etudes and Exercises.	
	Preparation for the Exam	
	Kontrbas:Preparation for the end of mid-year exam.	
	Gitar:Musical and solution of technical	
	problems and the general again.	
	Flute:Performing the scales, studies and	
	works to be played in the exam at an appropriate speed	
	Clarinet:Performing exam scales, etudes and works at	
	the speed.	
	Voice:Correpetition. Bağlama:Bound sixteenth-eight note-	
	sixteenth note	
	rhythm pattern	
22	Textbooks, References and/or Other	Violin:-Günay Edip/Uçan Ali, Çevreden Evrene
	Materials:	Keman Eğitimi 1 Dağarcık Yayınları 1980
		- Can Ömer, Keman Eğitimi I, Agraf, Ankara, 2000.
		 Crickboom Mathieu, Violinschule il Violino I, II, Brüxelles-Schott, Freses 1929.
		-Auer Leopold, Graded Course of Violin
		Playing Book 1-2 -Cohen Eta, Violin Method, Book 1-2
		Viola:M. REYTIH Etüt Kitabı
		KREISLER Op. 55 TARTINI Küçük Piyesler
		CORELLI Küçük Parçalar Viyolonsel:J.Werner Praktische Violoncell Schule,
		S.Lee Etudes, J.Dotzauer Band I.
		Kontbas:1- L.Rakov Başlangıç Metodu 2-E.Nanny Band I.
		Gita1- AYDINTAN,Ziya.Gitar Metodu I II Evrensel Müzikevi, 1999
		2– CEMİL,Murat. Klasik Gitar Metodu Alfa
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TERM LEARNING ACTIVITIES	NUMBE R	WEIGHT
Midterm Exam	2	40.00
Quiz	0	0.00
Home work-project	0	0.00
Final Exam	1	60.00
Total	3	100.00
Contribution of Term (Year) Learning Activitie Success Grade	es to	40.00

Contribution of Final Exam to Success Grade	60.00
Total	100.00
Measurement and Evaluation Techniques Used in the Course	

24 ECTS / WORK LOAD TABLE

				J												
25	CONTRIBUTION OF LEARNING OUTCOMES TO PROGRAMME QUALIFICATIONS															
	PQ1	PQ2	PQ3	PQ4	PQ5	PQ6	PQ7	PQ8	PQ9	PQ1 0	PQ11	PQ12	PQ1 3	PQ14	PQ15	PQ16
ÖK1	5	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ÖK2	5	5	4	3	3	5	1	1	2	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
ÖK3	5	5	3	3	3	3	2	2	4	3	1	1	1	1	1	1
ÖK4	5	0	2	4	2	2	1	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
ÖK5	5	5	3	5	5	3	5	3	4	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
ÖK6	5	5	4	4	1	1	1	4	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ÖK7	2	2	5	5	1	1	1	2	2	4	1	1	1	1	1	1
ÖK8	5	5	5	5	1	1	1	5	5	2	3	2	1	1	1	1
ÖK9	5	5	5	5	1	1	1	5	5	1	3	2	1	1	1	1
ÖK10	5	5	5	5	1	1	1	5	5	1	3	2	1	1	1	1
		I	LO: L	earr	ning (Dbjed	tive	s P	Q: P	rogra	ım Qu	alifica	ations	5		
Contrib ution Level:	1 very low 2 low				3 Medium			4 High			5 Very High					